

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) In a system that includes a user computer that communicates with a server computer over a network, a method for mitigating a cross-site scripting attack, the method comprising:

maintaining a list of active markers at a server;

receiving a request from a user computer, wherein the request includes a first portion of safe-data, and a second portion of data, all of the second portion of data being derived from an outside source;

determining if the whether the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content identified in the list of active markers, wherein determining whether the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content includes examining only the second portion of data of the request;

refraining from serving a response to executing any portion of the request if the when the request includes the marker of active content;

informing the user computer that a marker of active content from the list of active markers on the server has been discovered in the request; and

requesting that the user computer resubmit a request and subsequently serving a response to the request resubmitted by the user computer if the when the resubmitted request is unaccompanied by an marker of active content identified in the list of active markers.

2. (Original) A method as defined in claim 1, wherein receiving a request from a user computer further comprises receiving an HTTP request from the user computer.

3. (Original) A method as defined in claim 1, wherein receiving a request from a user computer further comprises at least one of:

- receiving a cookie from the user computer;
- receiving a query string from the user computer;
- receiving an HTTP form from the user computer; and
- receiving one or more HTTP headers from the user computer.

4. (Previously Presented) A method as defined in claim 3, wherein determining if the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content further comprises evaluating only the second portion of the request that includes the data derived from an outside source.

5. (Original) A method as defined in claim 1, wherein determining if the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content further comprises at least one of:

- searching the request for one or more character combinations that correspond to a script construct;
- searching the request for an event that includes a script construct; and
- searching the request for an expression that includes a script construct.

6. (Original) A method as defined in claim 1, wherein determining if the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content further comprises searching the request for a pattern that indicates an unauthorized script.

7. (Previously Presented) A method as defined in claim 1, further comprising:

- generating an event that is logged at the server; and
- encoding a response that is delivered to the user computer informing the user computer of discovery of the marker of active content.

8. (Currently Amended) In a system that includes a user computer that communicates with a server computer over a network, wherein the server computer generates dynamic content based on input from the user computer, a method for mitigating a cross-site scripting attack such that data submitted to the server computer is not sent back to the user computer as script, the method comprising:

receiving an HTTP request at a server computer, wherein the HTTP request includes a safe-first portion, and a user input portion, that includes the user input portion including user input data that was not generated by the server computer;

evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the whether the input data of the user input portion includes a script construct, wherein the script construct indicates that the HTTP request is part of a cross-site scripting attack, and wherein evaluating the HTTP request includes examining only the user input data;

refusing to dynamically render a response to execute any portion of the HTTP request, thereby preventing the cross-site scripting attack if the when the input data includes a script construct;

generating a notice indicating that a script construct indicative of a cross-site scripting attack has been received; and

requesting that a user resubmit an HTTP request, and subsequently executing and dynamically rendering a response to the HTTP request resubmitted by the user if the when the resubmitted HTTP request is free from script constructs in a user input portion of the resubmitted HTTP request.

9. (Original) A method as defined in claim 8, wherein receiving an HTTP request at a server computer further comprises at least one of:

receiving a query string that includes at least one query string variable;

receiving a cookie;

receiving one or more headers in the HTTP request; and

receiving one or more form fields.

10. (Original) A method as defined in claim 8, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct further comprises at least one of:

- searching the HTTP request for one or more character combinations that correspond to a script construct;
- searching the HTTP request for an event that includes a script construct;
- searching server variables that derive input data from another source; and
- searching the HTTP request for an expression that includes a script construct.

11. (Original) A method as defined in claim 8, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct further comprises searching the input data for a script construct.

12. (Original) A method as defined in claim 11, wherein searching the input data for a script construct further comprises searching for patterns associated with scripts.

13. (Cancelled).

14. (Original) A method as defined in claim 8, wherein preventing the cross-site scripting attack if the input data includes a script construct further comprises logging an event at the server computer.

15. (Original) A method as defined in claim 8, wherein preventing the cross-site scripting attack if the input data includes a script construct further comprises encoding the user input including the script construct to render the script inert.

16. (Original) A method as defined in claim 8, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct further comprises evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a marker of active content.

17. (Original) A method as defined in claim 16, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine in the input data includes a marker of active content further comprises determining if the marker of active content is within a particular element, wherein the marker of active content is harmful only when rendered within the particular element.

18. (Currently Amended) In a system that includes a user computer that communicates with a server computer over a network, wherein the server computer generates dynamic content based on input from the user computer, a computer program product for implementing a method for mitigating a cross-site scripting attack such that input data submitted to the server computer is not sent back to the user computer as script, the computer program product comprising:

a computer-readable medium having computer executable instructions for performing the method, the method comprising:

receiving an HTTP request at a server computer, wherein the HTTP request includes a safe-first portion and a user input portion that includes all user input data that was not generated by the server computer;

before performing dynamic rendering of a response to the HTTP request, evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the whether the input data of the user input portion includes a script construct that indicates a cross-site scripting attack, wherein evaluating the HTTP request includes examining only the user input portion of the HTTP request;

refusing to dynamically render a response to execute any portion of the HTTP request, thereby preventing the cross-site scripting attack if the when the input data includes a script construct;

generating a notice indicating that a script construct indicative of a cross-site scripting attack has been received; and

requesting that a user resubmit an HTTP request, and subsequently executing and dynamically rendering a response to the HTTP request resubmitted by the user if the when the resubmitted HTTP request is free from script constructs in a user input portion of the resubmitted HTTP request.

19. (Original) A computer program product as defined in claim 18, wherein receiving an HTTP request at a server computer further comprises at least one of:

- receiving a query string that includes query string variables;
- receiving a cookie;
- receiving one or more headers in the HTTP request; and
- receiving one or more form fields.

20. (Original) A computer program product as defined in claim 18, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct further comprises at least one of:

- searching the HTTP request for one or more character combinations that correspond to a script construct;
- searching the HTTP request for an event that includes a script construct;
- searching server variables that derive input data from another source; and
- searching the HTTP request for an expression that includes a script construct.

21. (Original) A computer program product as defined in claim 18, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct further comprises searching the input data for a script construct.

22. (Original) A computer program product as defined in claim 21, wherein searching the input data for a script construct further comprises searching for patterns associated with scripts.

23. (Cancelled).

24. (Original) A computer program product as defined in claim 18, wherein preventing the cross-site scripting attack if the input data includes a script construct further comprises logging an event at the server computer.

25. (Original) A computer program product as defined in claim 18, wherein preventing the cross-site scripting attack if the input data includes a script construct further comprises encoding the user input including the script construct to render the script inert.

26. (Previously Presented) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein determining if the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content comprises evaluating only user input fields of the request.

27. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein determining if the request from the user computer includes a marker of active content includes:

inactivating markers in the list of active markers.

28. (Previously Presented) A method as recited in claim 8, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct comprises evaluating the HTTP request for an onclick event.

29. (Previously Presented) A method as recited in claim 8, wherein evaluating the HTTP request to determine if the input data includes a script construct comprises evaluating the HTTP request for an element size